



Village Visit presentation
Village: Srinivas Saradgi
District: Gulbarga
State: Karnataka

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Map data ©2013 Google

**Srinivas
Saradgi**

Introduction to the Village

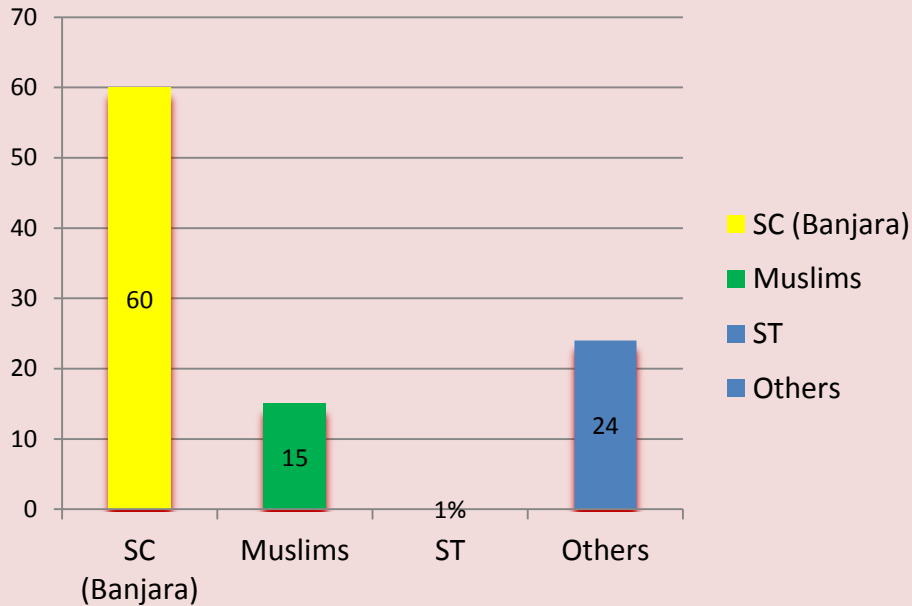
- ❖ **Village- Srinivas Saradgi**
- ❖ **Block- Gulbarga**
- ❖ **District- Gulbarga**
- ❖ **State- Karnataka**
- ❖ **Total geographical area-14,416.05 acre**
- ❖ **Total population- 7543 (2011 census)**
- ❖ **Total families-1150**
- ❖ **It is the largest village in Gulbarga district**
- ❖ **Located 16 kms away from Gulbarga city**
- ❖ **Topography- Undulating**
- ❖ **Vegetation type- Xerophytic**
- ❖ **Rainfall- approx 40 to 50 cms**

TIMELINE OF THE VILLAGE

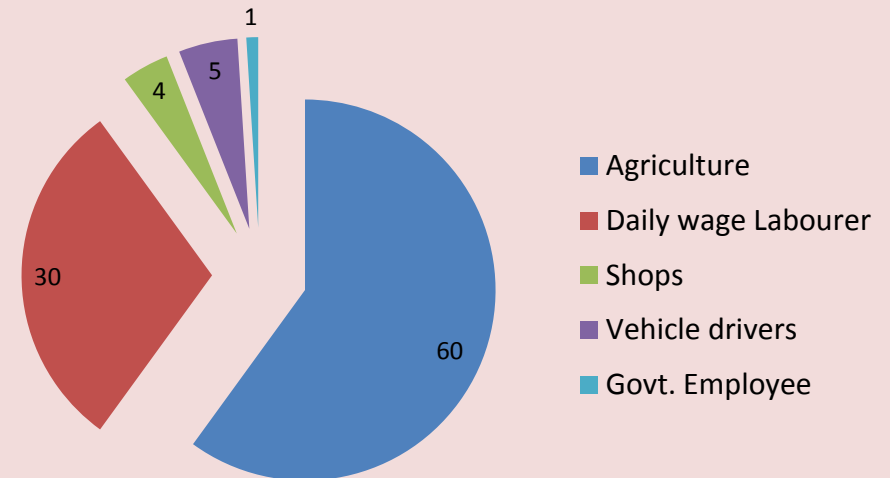
YEAR	MAJOR EVENTS OF DEVELOPMENT
1000 Years back	Establishment of the village
1945	Formation of Panchayat and water facilities
1949	First school in the village
1962	Electrification of the village
1972	Occurrence of severe drought
1982	Establishment of post office in the village
1983	Hospital and bus service to the village
1985-87	Development of diary farm
1988	First television in the village
1990	Bank established in the village
2002	Telephone
2007	Pucca road
2008	Computer in the village
2009-10	Establishment of private moneylender

Socio-economic structure of the Village

Caste wise distribution %



Employment Pattern



TRANSACTION WALK



RESOURCE MAPPING

RESOURCE MAP

VILLAGE - SRINIVAS SARADGI
DISTRICT - GULBARGA

SUB-GROUP 2



LEGENDS:

- V - VETENARY
- FPS - FAIR PRICE SHOP
- PNB - PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK
- P - PANCHAYAT OFFICE
- L - LIBRARY
- SHOPS - GROCERIES, FANCY STORES
- A - ANGANWADI
- S - PETTY SHOPS
- FM - MONEY LENDERS
- MS - MEDICAL SHOP
- G - GARRAGE
- PD - PRIVATE DOCTOR
- ⊙ - Well

SOCIAL MAPPING

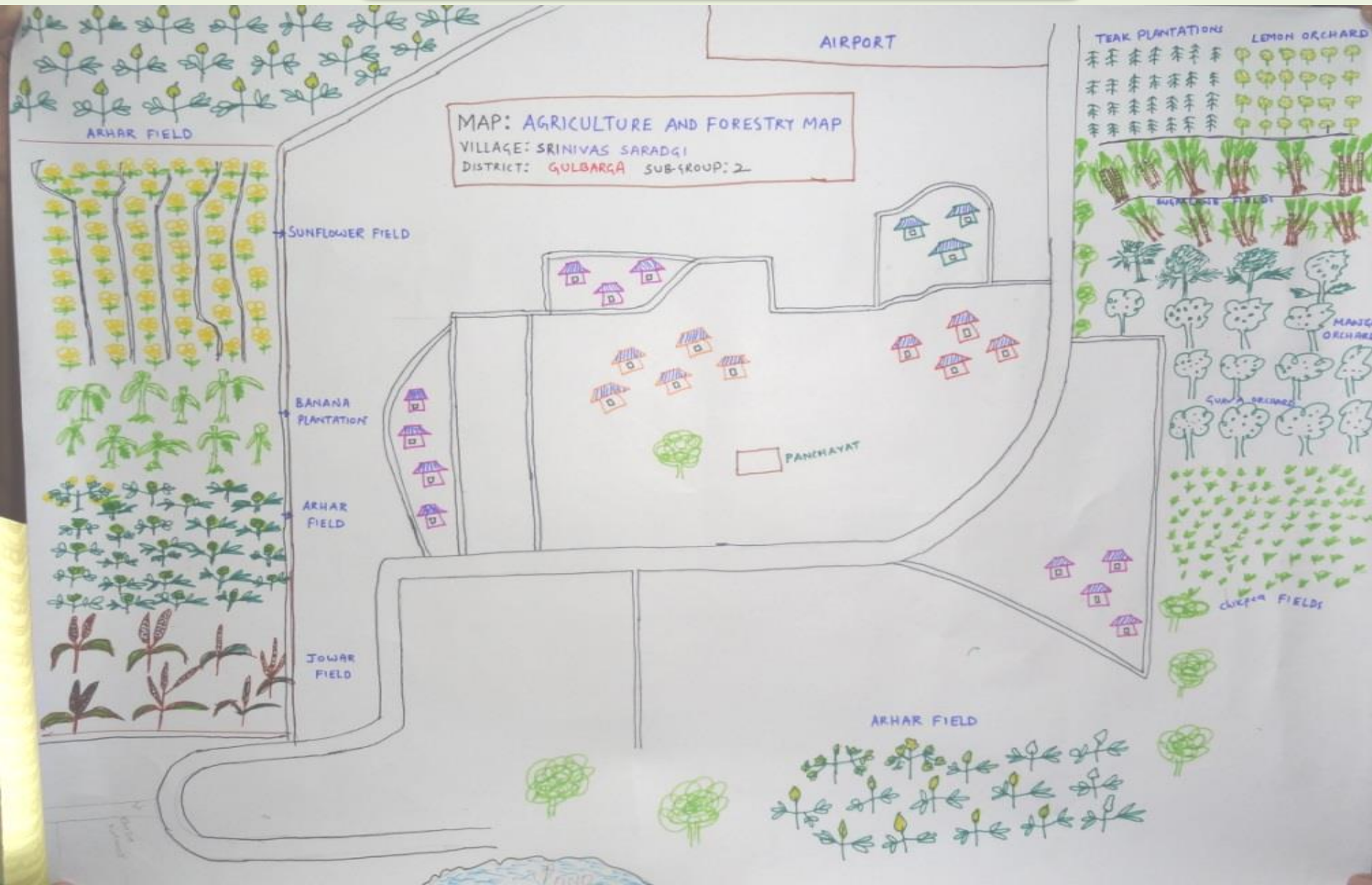
MAP: SOCIAL MAPPING

VILLAGE: SRINIVAS SARADGI

DISTRICT: GULBARGA



AGRICULTURE MAPPING



VILLAGE INFRASTRUCTURE

Drinking water:

- ❖ Acute shortage of drinking water
- ❖ Borewells are the main source of water

Electricity:

- ❖ 16-18 hours of electricity supply
- ❖ Loadshedding from 6a.m to 12.00 noon

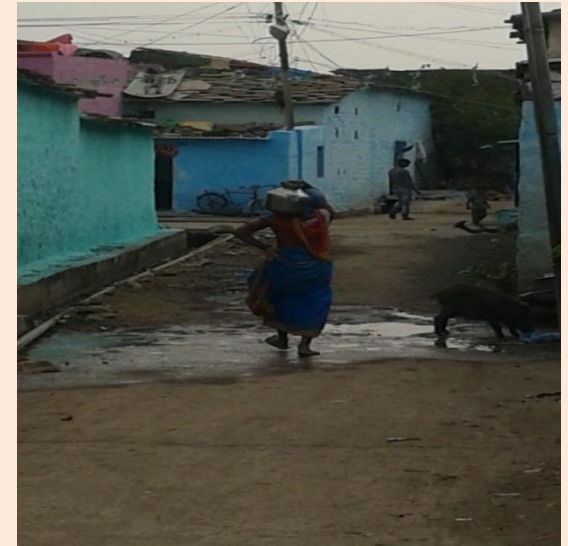


Roads:

- ❖ **Concrete road connecting the village to Gulbarga city**
- ❖ **Lack of concrete road connectivity within the village and schools**

Drainage:

- ❖ **Arterial drains in the village**
- ❖ **No drain connection from house**
- ❖ **Water accumulation on roads**
- ❖ **Lack of cooperation from community**



Other Facilities



- **Bank**
- **Post office**
- **Fair price shop**
- **Village library**
- **Diary farm**
- **Veterinary clinic**





Unemployment

Sanitation

Drainage

Drinking water

Irrigation

Roads

Health

Street lights

Liquor

PDS

**Problem pyramid
of Srinivas Saradgi**

Agriculture and Allied activities

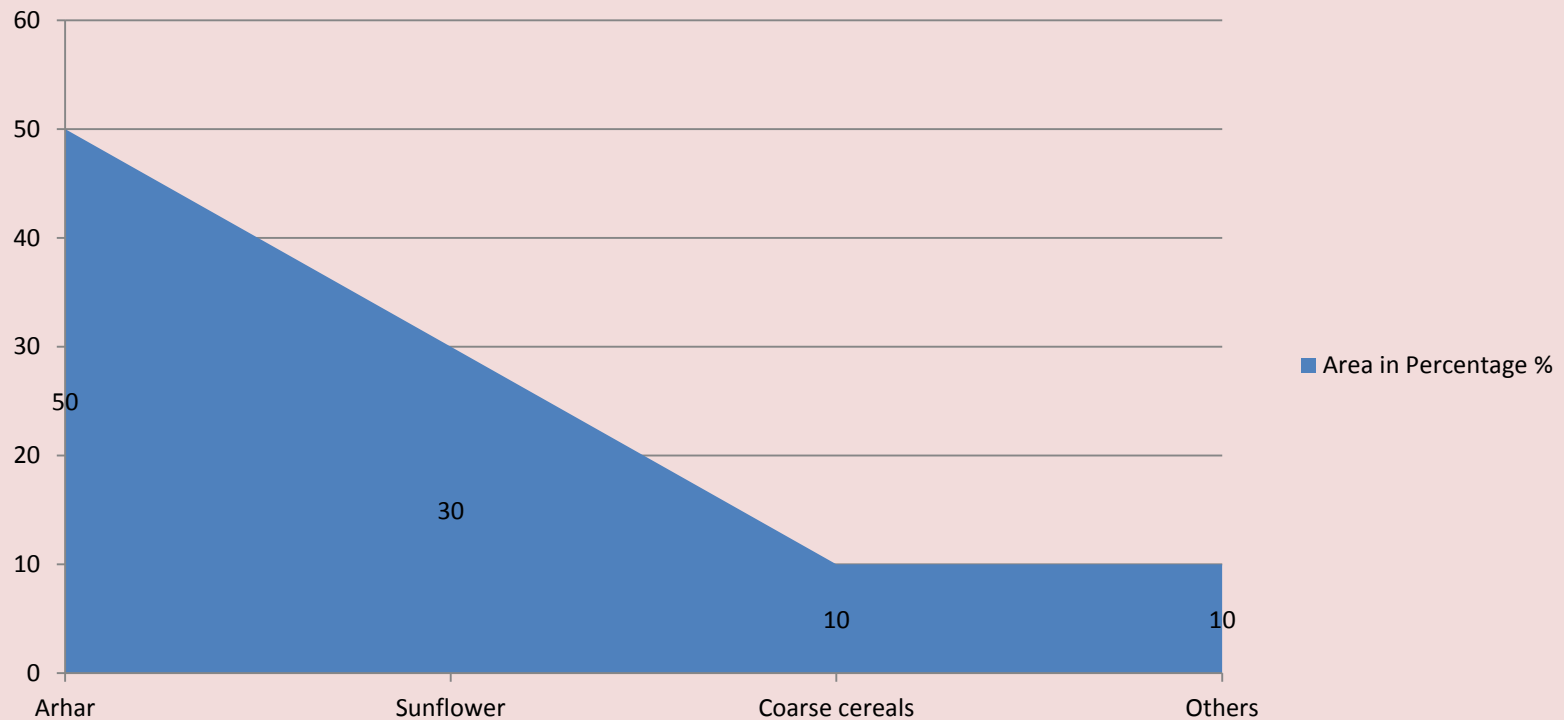
- ❖ Agriculture is the most important occupation of the village
- ❖ About 60 % of the employment generation of the village comes from agriculture
- ❖ Total cultivable area- 12799 acre
- ❖ Major crops grown are categorized as follow-
 - Cereals- Wheat, Maize, **Jowar** and Bajra
 - Pulses- Chickpea, **Arhar**, Mung
 - Oilseeds- **Sunflower**, Sesame
 - Vegetables- Brinjal, Tomato, Potato, Soybean, Chilli, bhindi, Onion and cucurbits
 - Fruits- **mango**, **Banana**, Guava, Anjir, Tamarind, papaya, Almond, Citrus
 - Plantation crops- **sugarcane**
- ❖ Tree species- Teak, **Neem**, Babul, Acacia, amla, peepul, Jamun, Shisham, Ber, Eucalyptus



1. Sunflower
2. Redgram/Arhar
3. Chickpea
4. Sugarcane
5. Bajra
6. Anjir

- **About 50 % of the agricultural area is under arhar cultivation followed by sunflower and coarse cereals**
- **Irrigation- Irrigation through bore wells and dug wells**
- **Soil type- Black and red soil, Rocky**
- **Animal husbandry is practiced in village by majority of farmers**

Area in Percentage %



Major problems in Agriculture

- ❖ Rainfed agriculture
- ❖ Inadequate irrigation facilities
- ❖ Low productivity
- ❖ Lack of modern cultivation practices
- ❖ Low mechanization
- ❖ Use of traditional varieties
- ❖ Soil testing not done
- ❖ Lacks proper marketing and finance facilities for agriculture
- ❖ No agro-forestry system
- ❖ Lack of watershed development in village
- ❖ No extension service

Education

- ✓ **Primary school – 603 students**
 - ✓ **High school – 250 students**
 - ✓ **Urdu school**
 - ✓ **Highly motivated students**
 - ✓ **Mid day meal scheme**
 - ✓ **Distribution of free books, dress and cycles (Class VIII) to students**
- 
- A group of students in white uniforms are performing a physical education routine in a schoolyard. They are standing in rows, with their arms raised, and some are holding sticks or poles. In the background, there is a large, multi-story building with arched windows, likely a school building. The sky is clear and blue.

Salient Observations

- The high school had the highest pass percentage (85%) among all the govt. schools in the Taluk.
- Increase in enrolment
- Literacy rate- 67%, Male-73% and Female-60%
- The number of school dropouts are declining
- Scholarship for SC/ST and minority students
- Improvements in road connectivity, compound wall, construction of more toilets is necessary



Poverty and Unemployment

Govt. schemes:

- **MGNREGS**
- **IAY**

Issues:

- **Landlessness**
- **Less employment opportunities**
- **Failure of MGNREGS**
- **Lack of awareness**
- **Nonfunctioning of panchayat**



Health and Sanitation

- **One primary health centre (PHC)**
- **Hospital 16 km from the village**
- **Lack of sanitation**
- **3 ASHA workers and 4 Anganwadi centres**
- **Timely immunization done by ANM**
- **No chronic disease outbreak**
- **Lack of drainage facilities**
- **No ambulance facility**
- **Institutional delivery has increased due to presence of PHC**

Panchayati Raj Institutions

Last election in 2010
18 members including
President & Vice President

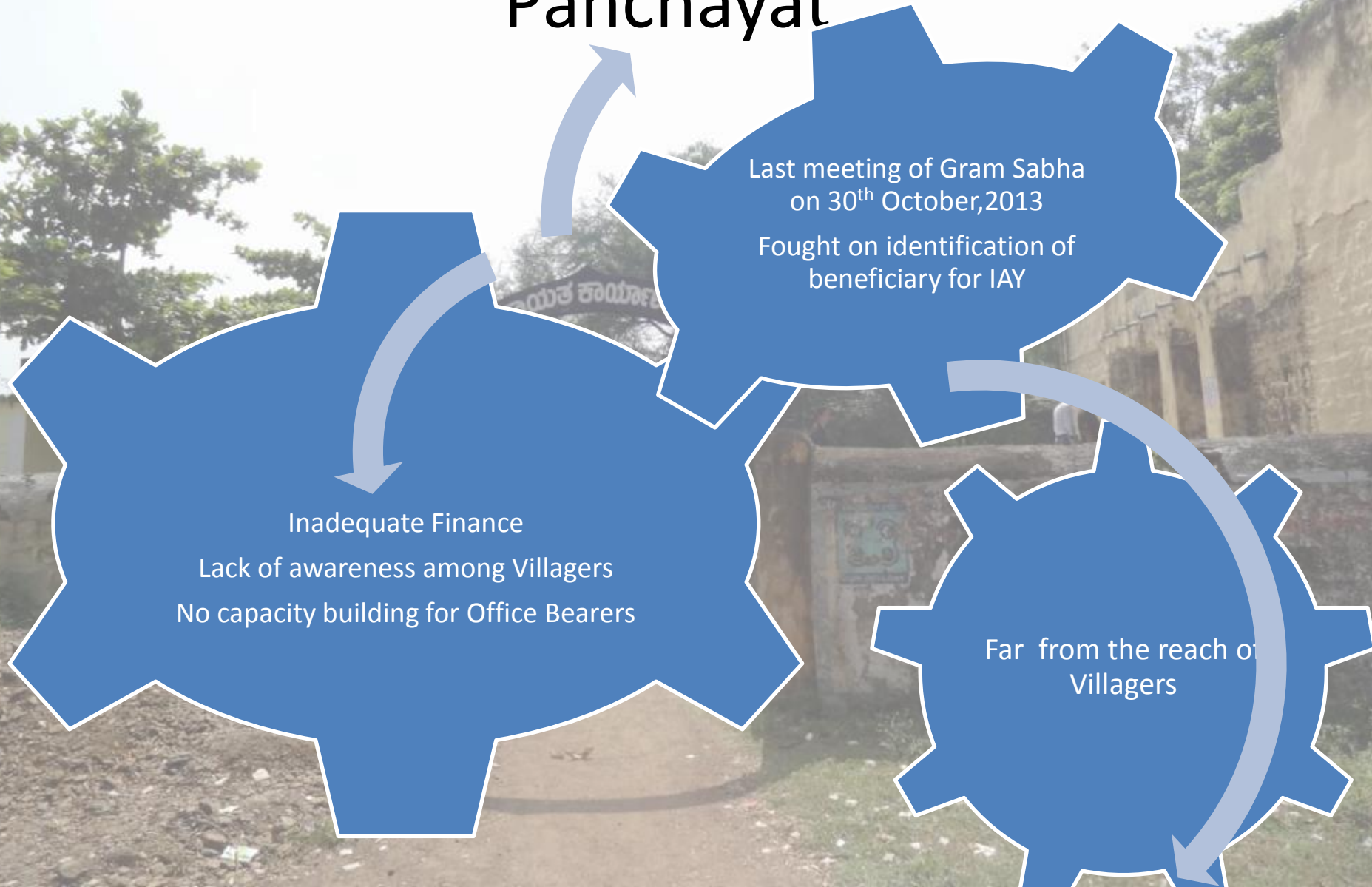
Women President
Mrs. Jena Bai

**Gram Panchayat
Srinivas Saradgi**

Last meeting was on 27 June,
2013

Out of 18 members 11 are
Males & 7 females
11 are SC and 2 are from
Muslim Community

Functioning of Gram Sabha and Gram Panchayat



Government Schemes

- **ICDS**
- **Indira Awas Yojana**
- **Sarv Siksha Abhiyan**
- **PDS**
- **Pension scheme**
- **Nirmal Bharat Abhiyan**
- **MGNERGA**
- **Backward Region grand fund**
- **Suvarna Gram Yojana**



Lessons learnt....

- About rural life and peoples problem at the ground level
- Functioning of different government institutions at the grass root level
- Rural development programmes and their implementations
- Functioning of the panchayati raj system
- Gaps and problems in the implementation of govt. schemes and programs
- Impact of the govt. programmes on the lives of the people
- People's perception towards government functionary and role of people in the governance system .

ACTION PLAN/SUGGESTIONS

Agriculture

- Use of modern cultivation practices
- Development of watershed and agro-forestry prog.
- Cultivation of HYV, short duration crops and water efficient crops
- Availability of marketing, finance and credit facilities to farmers

Education

- Construction of Toilets and compound walls
- Connectivity to Schools
- Transport facilities accommodating school times
- Use of Computers in pedagogy
- Timely disbursements of scholarships

Panchayati Raj

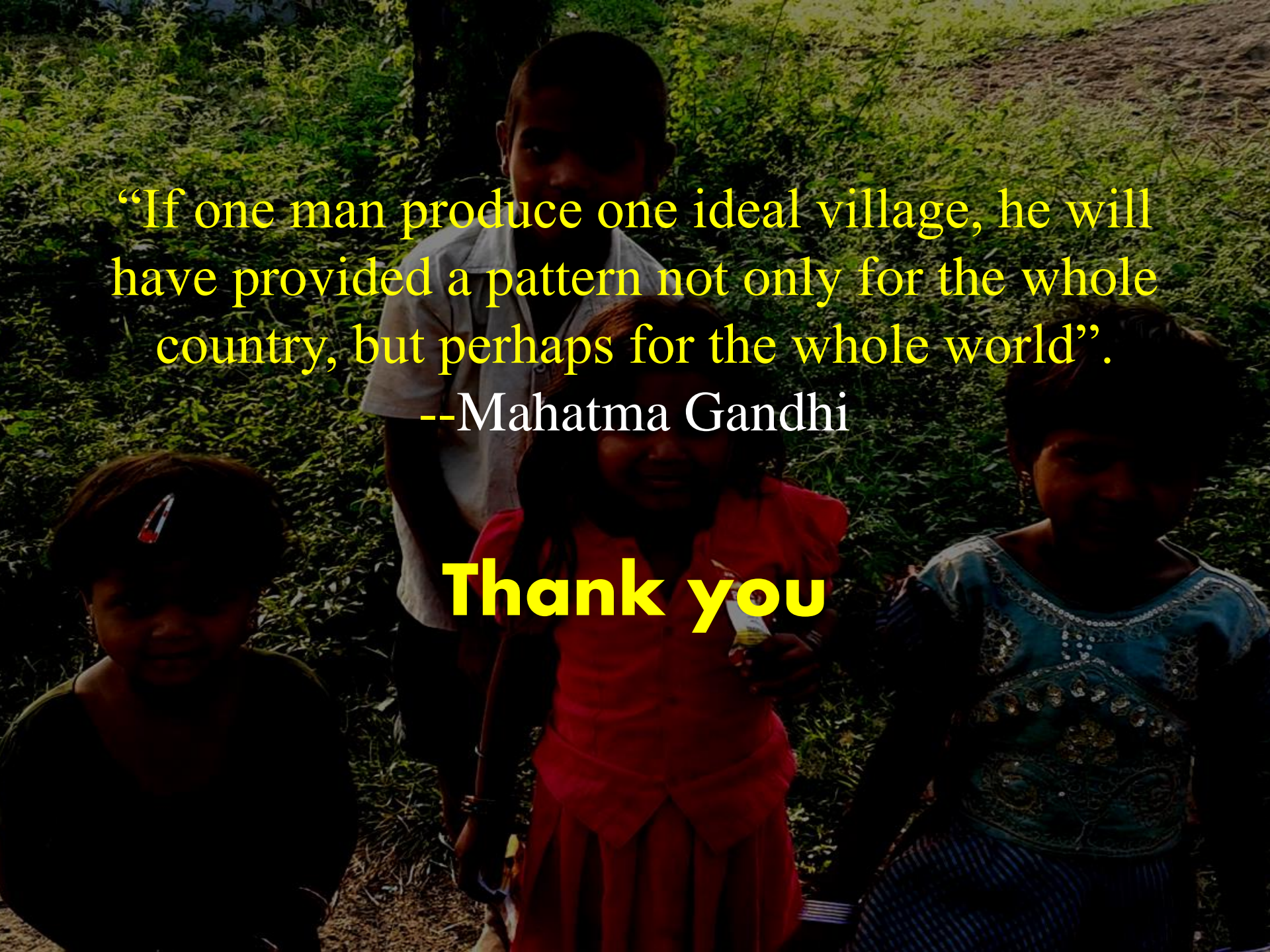
- Awareness regarding Govt. Schemes
- Capacity building and visibility of Office Bearers
- Lack of consensus among Villagers
- Lack of Funds
- Social audit

Poverty & Unemployment

- Timely wage payment under MGNREGA
- Awareness regarding Govt. Schemes
- Counseling of educated unemployed Youths

Health & Sanitation

- Proper drainage facility
- Community Toilets
- Awareness regarding benefits of sanitation
- Lab Facility



“If one man produce one ideal village, he will have provided a pattern not only for the whole country, but perhaps for the whole world”.

--Mahatma Gandhi

Thank you







